#### **Health Savings Account Enrollment Materials**

As part of your High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP) and your Health Savings Account (HSA) benefit, your employer has selected KeyBank as your HSA Custodian and FlexBank Administrators as your third party HSA administrator. Your HSA program is designed to help you save and pay for your health care expenses on a tax-free basis and provide you with the resources you need to answer all of your HSA questions.

**Health Savings Account Contribution Form:** If you are interested in contributing to your HSA on a pre-tax basis, you must complete the HSA contribution form and forward to your employer's Benefits Administrator.

You will receive an email deposit confirmation whenever a deposit has been made as a result of a payroll deduction from your paycheck through your employer.

#### **KeyBank Health Savings Account**

Interest-bearing checking account that provides easy access to your money when paying for qualified medical expenses.

- ✓ Earn interest on your entire HSA balance.
- ✓ Free HSA debit card.
- ✓ 25 checks for \$12.50 + tax (price subject to change).
- ✓ Monthly statements are mailed and a fee of \$3.00 is charged. To receive free monthly e-statements log onto www.key.com and opt out of paper statements.
- ✓ Free online banking & bill pay.
- ✓ Investment opportunities for balances \$3,500+.
- √ \$10 fee for correction of excess contribution, mistaken distribution, etc.

#### **Enrolling in the KeyBank Health Savings Account**

✓ Enrollment is online for participants in these states: AK, CO, CT, IO, IN, MA, ME, MI, NY, OH, PA, UT, VT and WA. Use the link specific to your company provided by your HR/Benefits Rep.

#### To enroll, make sure you have:

- ✓ Employer code
- ✓ Your driver's license
- ✓ Social security numbers for your beneficiaries.
- ✓ If you choose to add an authorized signer (i.e. spouse), you need their driver's license and social security number.
- ✓ Complete the KeyBank authorization in this kit and return to FlexBank.



#### **FlexBank Administrators**

Address: 1250 W Dorothy Lane

Suite 107

Dayton, OH 45409

Phone: 937.299.5515 Free: 888.677.8373

Email: HSA@FlexBank.net

Web: FlexBank.net

# KeyBank HEALTH SAVINGS ACCOUNTS

#### **Employee Authorization**

#### to provide FlexBank with my Health Saving Account number

Upon establishment of my Health Savings Account with the group number indicated above, I authorize KeyBank National Association to release to my employer and FlexBank my health savings account number and the date on which my health savings account was established for the purpose of establishing electronic fund transfer services. This Authorization shall be considered as continuing for thirty days after my account was established and will cease after that date.

Employer Name:
Employee Signature:
Print Name:
Social Security Number:
Address:
Date of Birth:
High Deductible Health Plan Coverage Effective Date:
Health Plan Coverage: single family
Email Address:
KeyBank Account Number:
Date Account Opened:

FlexBank, Inc. ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES AGREEMENT: By signing this form I understand that the following administrative services for my KeyBank Health Savings Account ("HSA") are provided to me by FlexBank, Inc. Administrative services provided by FlexBank, Inc. include enrollment assistance, access to the toll-free help-line to answer any questions concerning Health Savings Accounts, qualified medical expenses, or other distributions. I understand that I, and not FlexBank, Inc., am personally responsible for all aspects of my HSA. FlexBank does not offer tax or legal advice. I hereby appoint and authorize FlexBank, Inc. as my designated agent to interact with KeyBank as may be required in the administration of my HSA. This would include authorization to credit or make deposits to my account for the purpose of employee/employer HSA contributions and if necessary, process a debit or adjustment for any credit/deposit entries in error such as a mistaken contribution. I hereby specifically consent to and permit KeyBank to provide my account number, account information and other non-public information concerning my HSA to FlexBank, Inc. and authorize KeyBank to interact with FlexBank, Inc. as may be required or appropriate in the administration of my HSA. This appointment of FlexBank, Inc. as my designated agent is effective as of the date shown on this application or until revoked by me in writing. I have read and consent and agree to the terms of the FlexBank Administrative Agreement described above.



**Section V. To Be Completed By Employer** 

Date of 1st Payroll Deduction:

#### **Health Savings Account Contribution Form**

Section I. Employee Informatio	n							
Employer Name:	ployer Name: # Pay Periods:		Divis		Division:			
Employee Name:		☐ Male ☐ Female Social Security #:		rity #:				
Street: C		City:			State:	Zip	Zip:	
Birth Date:	HDHP Effective Date:			☐ Single Coverage ☐ Family Coverage			Family Coverage	
Email Address: Phone Number:								
Section II. Group Insurance Premium and/or HSA Contribution								
Your Group Insurance plan premiums and/or Health Savings Account contributions are withheld pre-tax automatically. Your election to pay your Group Insurance premium and/or Health Savings Account contribution automatically continues each year unless revoked. You may revoke your premium election at the beginning of a plan year or during the year should you have a qualifying "life event" that permits a mid-year change.  Section III. HSA Contribution  Only employees covered by a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP) may contribute to a Health Savings Account (HSA). Employees who are covered by "other first dollar coverage" may not contribute: a health plan that has first dollar co-								
pays, TRICARE, Medicare, general purpose Services in the last three months.  Effective January 1, 2016 employees receive of a service connected disability.  2020 Calendar Year Maximun	ng VA benefits ma	ay contribute to an HSA Single \$3,550 Famil	A if their y \$7,10	VA ber			\$ per pay	
Last Month Rule Individuals who become covered under an HHSA contribution for the year based on their Change in HDHP coverage type (single vs. If an individual changes coverage type mid-othat may be contributed for the taxable year, month of the year or (b) the full HSA contributed non December 1 of that year.  13-month Testing Period If the individual makes HSA contributions un (for reasons other than death or disability) drawar for which those contributions were mad the amount which could not have been contributed and the amount which could not have been contributed and the amount which could not have been contributed and the amount which could not have been contributed and the amount which could not have been contributed and the amount which could not have been contributed and the amount which could not have been contributed and the amount which could not have been contributed and the amount which could not have been contributed and the amount which could not have been contributed and the amount which could not have been contributed and the amount which could not have been contributed and the amount which could not have been contributed and the amount which could not have been contributed and the amount which could not have been contributed and the amount which could not have been contributed for the taxable year.	ISA-eligible plan in coverage (single s. family) calendar year, he is based upon his a ution limit for the taution limit for the taution the 13-month or and ending on the sibuted except for it be avoided by with the same and ending on the state of the same and ending on the same and ending on the same and ending on the same avoided by with the same are same as the	n a month other than Javs. family) in the last may contribute up to the actual HDHP coverage axable year based on the rule, and the individual horizental day of the 12th rule in this provision will be incited amount and or terminates HSA	anuary roonth of e greate (i.e. sing he type al does anning with month followed its from	the year the year of (a) gle vs. 1 of HDH not rem th the I ollowing in incomplete HS.	maximum a family) for early coverage ain HSA-eligo December of a that December and subject A, even if the age during a	amount ach that he gible the aber), ct to a	I do not wish to contribute to a Health Savings Account.	
These are my pre-tax elections. I have	e read and under	rstand the description	of the	Plan.				
<ul> <li>I understand that if I own an HSA, I am responsible for knowing and abiding by all of the rules and regulations.</li> <li>I certify I am eligible to contribute to a health savings account.</li> <li>I understand my insurance premium election may only be changed during the Plan Year for certain "life events" such as marriage, divorce, death of a spouse or child, birth or adoption of a child, change in employment status, or termination of employment. Changes must be made within 30 days of the event.</li> <li>Health savings account changes in election may be made at any time.</li> <li>Participation in this program may reduce my future Social Security benefits.</li> <li>I authorize my employer to make automatic payroll deductions of the amounts shown above from my earnings each pay period as well as authorize FlexBank to debit/credit my health savings account as necessary for HSA depositing.</li> </ul>								



#### A Health Savings Account (HSA)

An HSA is an account into which you can deposit money to save for current and future medical expenses. There are advantages to depositing money into these accounts, including favorable tax treatment.

#### Who Can Contribute to an HSA?

Only individuals covered by a high deductible health plan (HDHP) and without other "first dollar medical coverage" may contribute to an HSA. Other first dollar coverage includes: a health plan that has first dollar co-pays, TRICARE, Medicare, general purpose FSA or HRA, or if the individual has received VA benefits or Indian Health Services in the last three months. Effective January 1, 2016 individuals receiving VA benefits may contribute to an HSA if their VA benefits are the result of a service connected disability or for preventive care. In addition, in order to be HSA eligible, the individual cannot be claimed as a dependent on someone else's tax return. Other types of insurance like specific injury insurance/accident, disability, dental care, vision care or long-term care insurance are permitted.

#### **High Deductible Health Plans (HDHP)**

You must have coverage under an HSA-qualified HDHP to open and contribute to an HSA. Generally, this is health insurance that does not cover first dollar medical expenses. Federal law requires that the 2020 health insurance deductible be at least \$1,400 for self-only coverage and \$2,800 for family coverage.

In general, the deductible must apply to all medical expenses (including prescriptions) covered by the plan. However, plans can pay for "preventive care" services on a first-dollar basis. Preventive care may include routine pre-natal and well-child care, child and adult immunizations, annual physicals, mammograms, etc.

FlexBank Administrators 1250 W. Dorothy Lane, Suite 107 Dayton, Ohio 45409 **Phone: 937.299.5515** 

Fax: 937.299.5609 Free Phone: 888.677.8373 www.flexbank.net

# Information About A Personal, Tax-Free Health Savings Account





# A tax-free HSA saves you money and is so easy to use.



#### **Maximum Contributions**

 ✓ 2020: \$3,550/self-only; \$7,100/family
 ✓ \$1,000 "catch-up" for those age 55+ Maximum contributions are per calendar year.

Contact FlexBank!
Call 888.677.8373 or

Email HSA@FlexBank.net with your HSA questions! Also, contact FlexBank regarding contribution rules if you have a change in coverage.

www.flexbank.net

#### Contributions to your HSA

Contributions to your HSA can be made by anyone; you, your employer or a family member. However, total contributions are limited each calendar year. If your employer permits, you may contribute through payroll deduction on a pre-tax basis. Or, you may contribute to your account on a post-tax basis and deduct the HSA contributions when completing your federal income tax return (even if you do not itemize deductions).

Contributions to the HSA for the year in which you enroll in other first dollar coverage (i.e. Medicare) must be prorated based on the number of months you are HSA-eligible. You have through April 15 of the following year to contribute up to this maximum. Also, you can keep the money in your HSA and use it to pay for future eligible medical expenses tax-free.

You can make a contribution to your HSA each calendar year that you are eligible. For 2020, you may contribute up to a maximum per calendar year of \$3,550 self-only coverage and \$7,100 family coverage.

Individuals age 55 and older can also make additional "catch-up" contributions. This includes your spouse who may be covered by your health plan without other first dollar coverage. Please note, a spouse's catch-up contribution must be made into an HSA in the spouse's name. The maximum catch-up contribution is \$1,000 per calendar year per HSA.

Your *eligibility* to contribute to an HSA is generally determined by whether you have HDHP coverage on the first day of the month. Your maximum contribution for the year can be calculated two ways: (1) *the full contribution*, or (2) *the prorated amount*. The *full contribution* amount is based upon the type of coverage you have on December 1. The *prorated* amount is 1/12 of the maximum annual contribution for the HDHP coverage type you have times the number of months you have coverage. If your contribution is greater than the prorated amount, and you fail to remain covered by an HDHP for the entire following calendar year, the extra contribution above the prorated amount is included in income and subject to an additional 10 percent tax.

#### Health Savings Account Sample Eligible Expenses

Transportation expenses **Eligible Expenses** Liquid adhesive for small cuts Ineligible Expenses "Concierge" annual fee Mastectomy related bras primarily for medical care Acupuncture Cosmetic procedures Treatment for substance abuse Medical alert bracelet Alcoholism / Drug treatment Court ordered DUI class Medical records charges Vaccines Ambulance charges **CPR** class Walkers Midwife Arch supports Dental floss Wheelchair & repairs Arthritis gloves Mileage Deodorant Bandages / Band-Aids Motion sickness wristband X-rays Diet & weight loss foods Bariatric surgery Occlusal guards **Dual Purpose Expenses** Electrolysis Requires a doctor's note or Orthodontia/Invisalign Birthing classes Rx w/ a diagnosis stated Eyeglasses/contacts warranty Orthopedic shoe insert Blood pressure monitors Air purifier Face creams & moisturizers Ostomy, colostomy supplies Blood sugar test kits/strips Dietary supplements Hearing aid warranty Ovulation monitor Body scans (MRIs) Fitness tracker Imported drugs Brace for knees, wrists, back Physical therapy Health club dues Insect repellant Prescriptions Breast pumps and supplies Humidifier Late fees Pregnancy test kits Chiropractic fees Hypnosis Marital counseling Compression hosiery Psychiatric care Petroleum jelly Maternity clothes Contact lenses & solutions Reading glasses Massage therapy Mattresses Rehydration solution Contraceptives Vitamins for medical condition Medical marijuana (Pedialyte for children) Co-pays / Co-insurance Waterpik Missed appointment fee Costs for physical or mental Rubbing alcohol Weight loss programs Mouthwash illness confinement Saline solution **Over the Counter Medicines** Non-prescription sunglasses Seeing eye dog & expenses **CPAP** devices Examples below, all require Prepayments a valid prescription. Shipping & handling for eligible Crutches / cane Acne medicine Sunglass clips Deductible expenses medical expenses Antacids Teeth whitening Dental implants Smoking cessation programs Antibiotic ointments Toothbrushes & toothpaste Dental treatment Special communication Anti-itch creams Vitamins for general health equipment for the deaf Dentures Allergy medicines **Eligible Premiums** Speech therapy Diabetic supplies Cold medicines Health insurance premium while Durable medical equipment Sterilization procedures receiving federal or state Diaper rash cream unemployment Eyeglasses & eye exam Sunscreen Eye drops

First aid kits

Hearing aids & batteries

Incontinence supplies

Infertility treatment/IVF

Insulin supplies

Laboratory fees

Laser eye surgery

Taxes on medical services &

products

Telemedicine & online medical

consultation

Telephone for hearing impaired

TENS machine

Thermometer

COBRA or state continuation

premiums

Qualified long term care insurance (as indexed by calendar year and age)

Medicare & retiree premiums (once HSA owner & insured if other than owner = age 65+; Medicare supplement plans not

eligible)

#### **Using Your HSA**

You can use the money in the account to pay, tax-free, for any "qualified medical expense" as permitted under federal tax law.

In order to be considered an eligible expense, the date of service must be after the effective date of your high deductible health plan (HDHP) and after your HSA has been established (opened and funded). If your HDHP is effective mid-month, dates of service must be the first of the following month and forward in order to be considered eligible.

Laxatives

Lice treatment

Pain relievers

Motion sickness medicine

Smoking cessation products

Wart remover treatments

- You can use the money in the account to pay for medical expenses for yourself, your spouse and/or your dependent children.
- You may use your HSA funds for your "adult child" if they could qualify as your tax dependent (other than the income limitation).
- You can pay for expenses of your spouse and dependent children even if they are not covered by your health plan.
- Should you use your HSA for ineligible expenses, you must report these purchases on your tax return and pay taxes plus penalty. If you are 65 or older, you must only pay tax.
- You may withdraw funds from your HSA tax-free for eligible expenses even after you are no longer HSA-eligible.
- You may pay for your eligible expense out of your pocket today, then reimburse yourself from your HSA later. You may reimburse yourself at any time in the future. This is known as the "shoebox" rule.

### **Advantages of HSAs**

**Security:** Your high deductible health plan and HSA protect you against high or unexpected medical bills.

**Affordability:** In general, your health insurance premiums may be lower by switching to health insurance coverage with a higher deductible.

**Flexibility:** You can use the funds in your account to pay for current medical expenses or save the money in your account for future needs.

**Savings:** You can save the money in your account for future medical expenses and grow your account through interest earnings.

**Control:** You make all the decisions about:

- How much money to put into the account.
- Whether to save the account for future expenses or pay current medical expenses.
- Which medical expenses to pay from the account.
- Whether to invest any of the money in the account and which investments to make (if available).

**Portability:** Accounts are completely portable, meaning you can keep your HSA even if you:

- Change jobs
- Change your medical coverage
- Become unemployed
- Move to another state
- Change your marital status

**Ownership:** Funds remain in the account from year to year, just like a regular checking account. There are no "use it or lose it" rules for HSAs.

**Tax Savings:** An HSA provides triple tax savings: (1) tax deductions when you contribute to your account:

- (2) tax-free earnings through interest/investment;
- (3) tax-free withdrawals for qualified medical expenses.

#### What happens to my HSA when I die?

Upon death, remaining HSA funds transfer to the HSA beneficiary. If your spouse is the beneficiary, your spouse becomes the owner of the account and can use it as if it were their own HSA. If the beneficiary is anyone other than your spouse, the account will no longer be treated as an HSA upon your death. The account will pass to your beneficiary or become part of your estate and be subject to any applicable taxes.

#### What do I need to file with my taxes?

In January, your custodial bank will send to you a report detailing distributions (Form 1099-SA).

In May, your custodial bank will send to you a report detailing contributions (Form 5498-SA). The form is mailed in May as you have through April 15 to make a contribution for the prior calendar year.

It is your responsibility to complete and file **Form 8889** and submit it along with your 1040.

# What documentation must I keep for purchases?

The key to maintaining the tax-free status of your HSA is document ... document ...document! You will be required, if audited by the IRS, to produce documentation that clearly indicates you used the money in your HSA to purchase qualified expenses. The type of documentation required by the IRS must state the following:

- Who the item was purchased for (patient name)
- What service/product was provided (a description)
- Why the service/product was purchased (a diagnosis)
- Where the service/product was performed (the provider's name)
- When the service/product was purchased (the date of service)
- How much insurance paid, if any

FlexBank does not offer legal or tax advice. Please consult your legal or tax advisor for proper guidance.



**Phone:** 937.299.5515 Free Phone: 888.677.8373 Fax: 937.299.5609

## When No Longer HSA-Eligible...

taxable).

# What happens if you are no longer permitted to contribute to an HSA?

If you are no longer eligible to contribute to an HSA, it is very important that you contact FlexBank. A few of the reasons you may no longer be permitted to contribute to an HSA are:

- ✓ You become covered by other health insurance coverage that is not an HSA-eligible high deductible health plan (HDHP). For example, a health plan that has co-pays for prescriptions and office visits.
- ✓ You enroll in Medicare (even Part A that is free).
- ✓ You enroll in TRICARE.
- ✓ You become covered by a general purpose Flexible Spending Account (FSA) or first dollar Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) either at your place of employment or your spouse's place of employment.
- ✓ You begin receiving Indian Health Services.\*
- ✓ You begin receiving VA Benefits not the result of a service connected disability or preventive care.\*
  \*Once 3 full months have passed without benefits, you may continue contributions.

#### How much can be contributed?

If you are HSA-eligible on December 1 of the calendar year, you may contribute the maximum as annually indexed by the IRS per calendar year: In 2020, the maximums are \$3,550/single, \$7,100/family. If you are 55 and older, you may make an additional "catch-up" contribution of \$1,000 each calendar year.

#### **HSA-ineligible mid-calendar year**

If you become covered by another first dollar health plan and/or terminate HSA-eligible coverage during the calendar year, and you are not HSA-eligible on December 1 of that year, the maximum you may contribute is prorated based on the number of months you are HSA-eligible in that calendar year. You have until April 15 to contribute the maximum permitted to your HSA. *For example:* Meredith, age 30, has self-only HDHP coverage and is an HSA-eligible individual for the first four (4) months of 2020. The IRS maximum HSA contribution for an individual with self-only HDHP coverage for 2020 is \$3,550. Meredith may contribute a maximum of \$1,183.32 (4/12 x \$3,550) to her HSA.

#### 13-Month Testing Period

In the calendar year prior to becoming HSA-ineligible, if you made HSA contributions, under the full-contribution rule, and you do not remain HSA-eligible (for reasons other than death or disability) during the 13-month "testing period" (beginning with the December of the year for which those contributions were made and ending on the last day of the 12<sup>th</sup> month following that December), the amount which could not have been contributed except for this provision must be included in income and subject to a 10% additional tax. This 10% tax cannot be avoided by withdrawing such amounts from the HSA, even if the withdrawal were made by April 15.

For example: Joe joins an HSA-eligible health plan on June 1, 2019 and is HSA-eligible for seven (7) months. He contributes the maximum permitted of \$7,000 for family coverage. Joe then enrolls in his spouse's plan on April 1, 2020. His 2020 contribution must be prorated to 3/12ths of the maximum (based on the number of months he is HSA-eligible). \$7,100 / 12 months = \$591.66 x 3 months eligible = \$1,774.98. He must now review his 2019 contribution, as he did not remain HSA-eligible through December 2020 as required by the "13 month testing period". His 2019 contribution is now limited to 7/12ths or \$4,083.31. He must include \$2,916.69 (\$7,000 2019 contribution less \$4,083.31 permitted maximum) as income + the 10% penalty on his personal tax return.

#### How do I rectify if I over contribute?

If your contributions exceed the maximum permitted in a calendar year, you should remedy the situation (preferably prior to December 31 of the year in which you over-contributed) by asking the custodial bank for a distribution of the excess amount plus attributable earnings.

Step 1: Contact FlexBank for the custodial bank specific form to complete for excess contributions.

Step 2: FlexBank will contact the custodian and submit the paperwork detailing the amount of the excess contribution and request a distribution of the excess amount and attributable earnings (the earnings will be

**Step 3:** The custodian should report the distribution on Form 1099-SA as an excess contribution. If insufficient funds remain in your HSA, the custodian should report the earlier distributions as including an excess contribution, plus earnings.

Step 4: You should report the excess contribution as "other income" on your federal tax return if the contribution was made on a pre-tax basis. While the custodian bank may require that you submit requests to rectify prior to December 31, the IRS technically notes that April 15 of the following year is the deadline to remedy the excess contribution. If you do not take these steps prior to April 15, you may be subject to an additional 6% excise tax.

#### What happens to the money in the HSA?

The individual owns the HSA, it is in your name and it is portable if you leave your employment or if you become HSA-ineligible. You may withdraw funds for qualified medical expenses on a tax-free basis even if you, at the time of distribution, are no longer an HSA-eligible individual.

#### **Contact FlexBank**

Contact FlexBank as you have questions. We can be reached by phone 937.299.5515 ~ 888.677.8373 or by email HSA@FlexBank.net.

FlexBank does not offer legal or tax advice. Please consult your legal or tax advisor for proper guidance.



Flex Bank www.flexbank.net

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